AURUM ISIS JAPANESE YEN FUND LTD.

Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2015



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Company	Aurum Isis Japanese Yen Fund Ltd.
	Aurum House
	35 Richmond Road
	Hamilton HM 08
	Bermuda
Directors	Dudley R Cottingham
	Tina Gibbons
	Adam Hopkin
	Christopher C Morris
	Kevin Gundle
	Anabel Mackie ⁺
	Meliosa O'Caoimh ⁺ (Resigned 31 December 2015)
	Bronwyn Wright ⁺
	Fiona Mulhall ⁺ (Appointed 1 January 2016)
⁺ Independent Directors in	accordance with Irish Stock Exchange Listing requirements for Investment Funds
Promoter	Aurum Fund Management Ltd.
& Investment Adviser	Aurum House
	35 Richmond Road
	Hamilton HM 08
	Bermuda
Custodian	Northern Trust Fiduciary Services (Ireland) Limited
Custodian	George's Court
	54-62 Townsend Street
	Dublin 2
	Ireland
Administrator	Northern Trust International Fund Administration Services (Ireland) Limited
Sub-Registrar and	George's Court
Transfer Agent	54-62 Townsend Street
	Dublin 2
	Ireland
Devenuele Adveiaistantes	
Bermuda Administrator,	Global Fund Services Ltd.
Registrar & Secretary	Century House
	16 Par-la-Ville Road
	Hamilton HM 08
	Bermuda
Auditor	KPMG
	Chartered Accountants
	1 Harbourmaster Place
	International Financial Services Centre
	Dublin 1
	Ireland
Sponsoring Member	Continental Sponsors Ltd.
for Bermuda Stock	Century House
Exchange	16 Par-la-Ville Road
	Hamilton HM 08
	Bermuda

Directors and service providers



Directors and service providers (continued)

Sponsoring Member for Irish Stock Exchange	J&E Davy Davy House 49 Dawson Street Dublin 2 Ireland
Bermuda Legal Advisers	Conyers Dill & Pearman Limited Clarendon House 2 Church Street PO Box HM 666 Hamilton HM CX Bermuda



Directors' report

The Directors have the pleasure to present the audited financial statements of Aurum Isis Japanese Yen Fund Ltd. (the "Company" or the "Japanese Yen Fund") for the year ended 31 December 2015 and report as set out herein in respect of matters required by the Irish Stock Exchange and Bermuda Stock Exchange listing regulations.

At 31 December 2015 the Net Asset Value ("NAV") per Participating Share for each class of share was as follows:

	NAV per Participating Share	
Share Class	31/12/2015	31/12/2014
Standard Japanese Yen Share Class Restricted	¥11,483.28	¥11,130.05

Shares of the Japanese Yen Fund are denominated in Japanese yen. The Japanese Yen Fund is one of nine Feeder Funds (the "Feeder Funds") comprising the Japanese Yen Fund, Aurum Isis Swiss Franc Fund Ltd. (the "Swiss Franc Fund"), Aurum Isis Dollar Fund Ltd. (the "Dollar Fund"), Aurum Isis Institutional Dollar Fund Ltd. (the "Institutional Dollar Fund"), Aurum Isis Sterling Fund Ltd. (the "Sterling Fund"), Aurum Isis Institutional Sterling Fund Ltd. (the "Institutional Sterling Fund"), Aurum Isis Euro Fund Ltd. (the "Euro Fund"), Aurum Isis Institutional Euro Fund Ltd. (the "Institutional Euro Fund"), Aurum Isis Australian Dollar Fund Ltd. (the "Australian Dollar Fund") that invest in Aurum Isis Fund Ltd. (the "Master Fund"). The other Feeder Funds have Swiss franc, US dollar, sterling, euro and Australian dollar denominated shares respectively. The Japanese Yen Fund is listed on the Irish and Bermuda Stock Exchanges.

The Feeder Funds must solely invest into Participating Shares of the Master Fund, except in the case of the Swiss Franc, Sterling, Institutional Sterling, Euro, Institutional Euro, Australian Dollar and Japanese Yen Funds in respect of currency hedging. The Participating Shares of the Master Fund are valued in US dollars. The Swiss Franc, Sterling, Euro, Institutional Euro, Australian Dollar and Japanese Yen Funds whilst investing into US dollar denominated Participating Shares of the Master Fund will, by appropriate currency hedging, seek to protect the value of their shares in Swiss franc, sterling, euro, Australian dollar and Japanese yen terms irrespective of movements in currency values between the US dollar and their respective currencies. The Master Fund pays the fees of the Administrators, Custodian, audit, formation and minor out of pocket expenses and Directors' fees of all Funds. Each Fund will otherwise bear its own costs and liabilities.

The Company's performance is allied with the performance of the Master Fund. The Performance Review, the Market Review and Outlook for the Master Fund for the year ended 31 December 2015, contained within the annual report of the Master Fund, are appended to the Company's financial statements.

Remuneration

The Directors are considered to be the only identified staff for the purposes of the European Union (Alternative Investment Fund Managers) Regulations 2013. The Directors are entitled to remuneration for their services from the Master Fund, please refer to the accompanying Master Fund financial statements for details of remuneration paid to the Directors.

Connected parties

Transactions carried out with the Company by the Administrator, Investment Adviser, Custodian and Directors ("connected parties") must be carried out as if negotiated at arm's length. Transactions must be in the best interests of the Shareholders.

The Directors are satisfied all transactions with connected parties entered into during the year were conducted at arm's length prices.

Thanks

We thank the Shareholders for their support and look forward to further opportunities for continued growth.

For and on behalf of Aurum Isis Japanese Yen Fund Ltd.

Director 8 March 2016



Independent Auditors' Report to the Shareholders of Aurum Isis Japanese Yen Fund Ltd.

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Aurum Isis Japanese Yen Fund Ltd. (the "Company"), which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31 December 2015, the Statement of Financial Position as at 31 December 2015, the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes, comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

This report is made solely to the Company's Shareholders, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's Shareholders, those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditors' Report and for no other purpose. We do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company's Shareholders, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Directors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as they determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2015, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

FrPMG

KPMG 1 Harbourmaster Place International Financial Services Centre Dublin 1 Ireland 8 March 2016



Portfolio Statement

as at 31 December 2015

	31 December 2015		31 December 2014			
	Nominal holding			Nominal holding		
	of shares	Fair Value	% of NAV	of shares	Fair Value	% of NAV
		¥	%		¥	%
Aurum Isis Fund Ltd.	142	5,078,316	98.62%	152	5,110,292	102.39%
Other assets		79,932	1.55%		200	0.00%
Total assets	-	5,158,248	100.17%	-	5,110,492	102.39%
Other liabilities		(8,598)	(0.17%)		(119,242)	(2.39%)
Total net assets	-	5,149,650	100.00%	-	4,991,250	100.00%



for the year ended 31 December 2015

2014			2015
¥		note	¥
	Gains from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
302,706	Net gain on investments	2	285,218
	Other Income		
1	Other income		38
302,707	Total revenue		285,256
	Operating expenses		
73,956	Investment Adviser fees	3	103,079
-	Incentive fee		23,777
467	Net interest expense		-
74,423	Total operating expenses		126,856
	Change in net assets attributable to holders of Participating Shares resulting from	1	
228,284	operations		158,400

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.



Statement of Financial Position

as at 31 December 2015

2014			2015
¥		note	¥
	Assets		
	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
5.110.292	Investments at fair value	2, 10	5,078,316
-, -, -	Unrealised appreciation on forward foreign exchange contracts	9	2,584
	Financial assets measured at amortised cost	Ĵ.	_ ,
-	Cash and cash equivalents	2	77,148
	Other receivables		200
5,110,492	Total assets	_	5,158,248
-, -, -		_	
	Liabilities		
	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		
16,898	Unrealised depreciation on forward foreign exchange contracts	9, 10	-
	Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost		
8,334	Investment Adviser fees payable	3	8,598
94,010	Bank overdraft	2, 6	-
	Total liabilities (excluding amounts attributable to holders of		
119,242	Participating Shares)		8,598
4,991,250	Net assets attributable to holders of Participating and Sponsor Shares	5	5,149,650
4,991,050	Net assets attributable to holders of Participating Shares	5	5,149,450
	Equity		
200	Net assets attributable to holders of Sponsor Shares	5	200
200	Total Equity		200

These financial statements were approved by the Directors on 8 March 2016 and signed on their behalf by:

Director 8 March 2016

Amophin

Director 8 March 2016

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.



Statement of Cash Flows

for the year ended 31 December 2015

2014		2015
¥		¥
	Cash flows from operating activities	
	Change in net assets attributable to holders of Participating	
228,284	Shares resulting from operations	158,400
(67,613)	Purchase of investments	(233,104)
55,731,798	Proceeds from sales of investments	605,448
	Adjustment for non cash items and working capital	
13,791,274	Net unrealised loss/(gain) on investments and currencies	(115,235)
(13,631,615)	5	(244,615)
(Changes in operating assets and liabilities	,
8,334	Increase in payables	264
56,060,462	Net cash inflow from operating activities	171,158
	Cash flows from financing activities	
(54,493,169)	Redemption of shares	-
(54,493,169)		-
	5	
1,567,293	Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	171,158
	•	
(1,661,303)	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	(94,010)
(94,010)	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	77,148
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.



1. General

Aurum Isis Japanese Yen Fund Ltd. (the "Japanese Yen Fund" or the "Company") was incorporated in Bermuda on 4 August 2010 under the Bermuda Companies Act 1981 as amended and acts as an investment company.

The Company's investment objective is to achieve long term capital growth by investing in the Participating Shares of the Master Fund. The annual report and audited financial statements of the Master Fund for the year ended 31 December 2015 form an integral part of these financial statements and should therefore be read in conjunction with these financial statements.

The audited financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 8 March 2016.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies which have been applied are set out below.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

The accounting policies have been applied consistently by the Company and are consistent with those used in the previous year, other than for the effect of any new standards adopted.

Adoption of new accounting standards and amendments, including accounting policy changes

International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 24, "Related Party Disclosures" amendments adds an entity to the definition of key management personnel when that entity or any member of a group of which it is a party provides key management personnel services to the reporting entity or to the parent of the reporting entity and is effective for annual periods on or after 1 July 2014. Amounts incurred by the Company for the provision of key management personnel services by a separate management entity shall be disclosed. The amendment did not have any impact on the Company's financial position or performance.

New standards and interpretations applicable to future reporting periods

The Directors have considered all the upcoming IASB standards. There are standards and interpretations issued but not effective that have not been adopted in these financial statements:

IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments", published in July 2014, will replace the existing guidance in IAS 39. It
includes revised guidance on the classification and measurement of financial instruments, including a
new expected credit loss model for calculating impairment of financial assets, and the new general hedge
accounting requirements. It also carries forward the guidance on recognition and derecognition of
financial instruments from IAS 39. IFRS 9 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1
January 2018, with early adoption permitted.

Based on initial assessment, this standard is not expected to have a material impact on the Company.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for financial instruments classified at fair value through profit or loss that have been measured at fair value.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

The functional currency of the Company is Japanese yen as the Directors have determined that this reflects the Company's primary economic environment. The presentation currency of the financial statements is also Japanese yen.

Assets and liabilities

Investments

The Company classifies its financial investments (assets and liabilities) into categories in accordance with IAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement".



2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Assets and liabilities (continued)

Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss

The Company, on initial recognition, designates investments in the Master Fund at fair value through profit or loss as, in doing so, it results in more relevant information because the investments and related liabilities are managed as a group of financial assets and liabilities and performance is evaluated on a fair value basis and reported to key management personnel accordingly. The term financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss include investments in the Master Fund. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Investments are recorded on the trade date at which point the Company becomes a party to the specific investment. Initial measurement of fair value is based on the transaction price at the trade date with any transaction costs being expensed immediately. After initial measurement any changes in fair value, and realised gains or losses, related to investments are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income within net gain on investments.

Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss classified as held for trading Forward Foreign Currency Contracts

Forward Currency Contracts are categorised as held for trading as the Company does not designate any derivatives as hedges for hedge accounting purposes, as described under IAS 39.

The fair value of open forward currency contracts is calculated as the difference between the contracted forward rate and the current forward rate that would close out the contract on the valuation date. Gains or losses arising on the settlement of forward foreign currency contracts are included in the net gain on investments in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Unrealised gains or losses on unsettled foreign currency contracts are included in the Statement of Financial Position.

Financial assets at amortised cost

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and they are carried at amortised cost. The Company includes in this category cash and cash equivalents, amounts receivable from brokers, if any, and other receivables. The amortised cost of a financial asset is the amount at which the instrument is measured at initial recognition (its fair value) adjusted for initial direct costs, minus principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortisation, using the effective interest rate method, of any difference between the initial amount recognised and the maturity amount, minus any reduction for impairment.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

The Company includes in this category expenses payable for investments purchased.

Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the Statement of Financial Position when, and only when, the Company has a legal right to set off the recognised amounts and it intends to either settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

For the year ended 31 December 2015, and 31 December 2014, there were no financial assets or liabilities subject to enforceable master netting arrangements or similar agreements which would require disclosure.

Derecognition

A financial asset is derecognised when the Company loses control over the contractual rights that comprise that asset. This occurs when the rights are realised, they expire or they are surrendered. A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or it expires.

Participating Shares

Under IFRS, Participating Shares redeemable at the Shareholder's option are classified as financial liabilities and the format of the Statement of Financial Position reflects this in accordance with IAS 32 "Financial Instruments: Presentation". The net assets attributable to holders of Participating Shares are stated at the redemption amount on the reporting date without discounting.



2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Sponsor Shares

Sponsor Shares are classified as equity based on the substance of the contractual arrangements between the Company and the Sponsor Shareholder and in accordance with the definition of equity instruments under IAS 32. The Sponsor Shareholder's equity is stated at amortised cost.

Translation of Foreign Currencies

Transactions in currencies other than Japanese yen are recorded at the rate prevailing on the date of the transaction. At each reporting date, non Japanese yen denominated monetary items and assets and liabilities measured at fair value are retranslated at the rate prevailing on the reporting date. Foreign currency exchange differences related to investments at fair value through profit or loss are included in net gain on investments. All other differences are reflected in net profit or loss for the year.

Net gain on investments

Net gain on investments includes all realised and unrealised fair value changes and foreign exchange differences, but excludes interest.

Net realised gain on investments is calculated using the average cost method.

Interest Income

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income for all interest bearing instruments on an effective interest rate yield basis.

Cash and Cash Equivalents and Bank Overdrafts

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances held at banks. Bank overdrafts are repayable on demand. In the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents are shown net of any short term overdrafts which are repayable on demand, and form an integral part of the Company's cash management.

Expenses

All expenses are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income on an accruals basis.

Significant accounting judgements and estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with IFRS requires management to make estimates, judgements and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of income and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the year in which an estimate is revised. The areas of estimates which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements are disclosed within the Master Fund's financial statements in note 10 'Financial Instruments and Risk Exposure' and note 11 'Fair Value Measurement' of those financial statements

Master Fund

The Master Fund is not considered to be a subsidiary of the Company as the Investment Adviser beneficially holds all general voting shares which give the holder the current ability to direct the activities that significantly affect the returns of both the Company and the Master Fund. IFRS 10 "Consolidated Financial Statements" single control model states that an entity has control over an investee when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. The Directors are satisfied that the Master Fund does not meet the definition of a subsidiary in accordance with IFRS 10.

Structured Entities

A structured entity is an entity that has been designed so that voting or similar rights are not the dominant factor in deciding who controls the entity, such as when any voting rights relate to administrative tasks only and the relevant activities are directed by means of contractual arrangements. A structured entity often has some or all of the following features or attributes; restricted activities, a narrow and well-defined objective, such as to provide investment opportunities for investors by passing on risks and rewards associated with the assets of the structured entity to investors, insufficient equity to permit the structured entity to finance its activities without subordinated financial support and financing in the form of multiple contractually linked instruments to investors that create concentrations of credit or other risks.



2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Structured Entities (continued)

The Company has determined that its investment in the Master Fund represents investment in an unconsolidated structured entity. The Master Fund finances its operations by issuing redeemable shares which are puttable at the holders' option and entitle the holder to a proportional stake in the Master Fund's net assets. The change in fair value of the Company's holding in the Master Fund is included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income within net gain on investments.

The Directors believe that the requirements of IFRS 12 "Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities", in relation to structured entities, are observed by appending the Master Fund's financial statements to the Company's financial statements.

3. Investment Adviser and Incentive Fee

From 1 April 2014, the Company pays the Investment Adviser an annual percentage fee (the "Investment Adviser Fee") and a performance related fee in respect of each class of share where certain performance criteria have been met (the "Incentive Fee"). Both the Investment Adviser Fee and Incentive Fee are calculated monthly and paid monthly in arrears.

The Investment Adviser Fee and Incentive Fee are calculated based on a percentage of the Gross Asset Value of the Company as at the relevant month end. The Gross Asset Value means the value of the assets of the Company at a valuation point less the liabilities and accrued expenses of the Company other than liabilities that relate to Investment Adviser Fees, Incentive Fees, Administrator Fees, Custodian Fees, Directors' Fees, Audit Fees, Formation Expenses and Sundry Expenses each as incurred with respect to the valuation period ending on such valuation point.

The Incentive Fee is equal to the number of Participating Shares in the Company multiplied by a percentage of the amount by which the Gross Asset Value per Participating Share on a valuation day exceeds the higher of:

- (i) The Base Value: the Net Asset Value per Participating Share on the Base Date increased by the relevant hurdle of 1/12 of the annualised hurdle rate multiplied by the number of performance fee periods since the last Base Date. The Base Date is the last valuation day in the immediately preceding calendar year or, if later, the first valuation day in respect of a share class; or
- (ii) The High Water Mark: the Net Asset Value per Participating Share on the last valuation day upon which an Incentive Fee was crystallised or, if higher, the initial Net Asset Value per Participating Share upon inception of that share class.

The percentage fees applicable to each share class are as follows:

Investment Adviser			Incentive Fee
Share Class	Fee	Incentive Fee	Hurdle
Standard Japanese Yen Share Class Restricted	2.00%	15.00%	10.00%

In so far as the Master Fund invests in other Aurum Funds no fees are payable on the amount so invested in addition to those already charged by such Aurum Funds.

Prior to 1 April 2014, the Investment Adviser Fee and Incentive Fee were paid by the Master Fund. The Master Fund ceased to pay such fees as of that date. Please refer to the Master Fund's financial statements for notes to the financial statements regarding fees paid by the Master Fund.

4. Fees

The Company pays no direct fees other than the Investment Adviser Fee and Incentive Fee outlined in note 3. Please refer to the accompanying Master Fund's financial statements for notes to the financial statements regarding fees paid by the Master Fund.



5. Share Capital and Net Asset Value per Participating Share

Authorised share capital of ¥0.2 par value per share	December 2015 ¥	December 2014 ¥
1,000 Sponsor Shares (presented as equity in accordance with IAS 32)	200	200
4,999,000 Participating Shares (presented as a liability in accordance with IAS 32)	999,800	999,800
Authorised share capital	1,000,000	1,000,000

All of the Sponsor Shares have been issued to and are beneficially owned by the Investment Adviser.

The Sponsor Shares do not carry the right to participate in the assets of the Company in a winding up, except to the extent of repayment of par value paid in cash, nor in any dividends or other distribution of the Company so long as any Participating Shares are in issue.

The Participating Shares are entitled to receive, to the exclusion of the Sponsor Shares, any dividends which may be declared by the Board of the Company and, upon the winding up of the Company, their par value and any surplus remaining after paying to the holders of the Sponsor Shares the par value of the Sponsor Shares (to the extent actually paid up in cash). The Sponsor Shares have the general voting powers of the Company and the holders of Participating Shares are entitled to receive notice of and attend all general meetings of the members.

	Number of Participating Shares		Number of Participating Shares
Opening at 1 January 2015	448.43	Opening at 1 January 2014	5,475.58
Redeemed during the year	-	Redeemed during the year	(5,027.15)
Closing at 31 December 2015	448.43	Closing at 31 December 2014	448.43

The Net Asset Value per Participating Share is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to holders of Participating Shares included in the Statement of Financial Position by the number of Participating Shares in issue at the year end.

From time to time the Master Fund may invest in Investee Funds that may be part of an Initial Public Offering ("IPO"), gains or losses related to an IPO may not be attributed to Participating Shareholders that have elected to be treated as restricted persons under US FINRA rules 5130 and 5131. Therefore, such gains or losses are attributed to Participating Share Classes designated as 'Unrestricted' as they arise on a proportional basis.



5. Share Capital and Net Asset Value per Participating Share (continued)

Statement of Changes in Sponsor and Participating Shares for the year ended 31 December 2015

	Sponsor Shares ¥	Standard Japanese yen Share Class Restricted ¥	Total ¥
Balance at 1 January 2015	200	4,991,050	4,991,250
Change in net assets attributable to holders of Participating Shares resulting from operations		158,400	158,400
Balance at 31 December 2015	200	5,149,450	5,149,650
Number of Participating Shares in issue	n/a	448.43	448.43
Net Asset Value Per Participating Share	n/a	11,483.28	n/a

	Sponsor	Standard Japanese yen Share Class		
	Shares	Restricted	Total	
	¥	¥	¥	
Balance at 1 January 2014	200	59,255,935	59,256,135	
Change in net assets attributable to holders of				
Participating Shares resulting from operations	-	228,284	228,284	
Redemptions during the year	-	(54,493,169)	(54,493,169)	
Balance at 31 December 2014	200	4,991,050	4,991,250	
Number of Participating Shares in issue	n/a	448.43	448.43	
Net Asset Value Per Participating Share	n/a	11,130.05	n/a	

6. Bank Overdraft

The Company has a facility with Northern Trust Company, London Branch and any outstanding bank overdraft is secured over the portfolio of the Company.

7. Related Parties

In accordance with IAS 24 "Related Party Disclosures" the related parties to the Company are outlined below.

The Company's connected and related parties include the Directors, the Administrator, the Investment Adviser and the Custodian.

Directors

Mrs T Gibbons and Mr A Hopkin are Directors of the Investment Adviser. Mr C C Morris and Mr D R Cottingham are Directors of, and directly and indirectly hold shares in, the Investment Adviser. Mr K Gundle is a Shareholder of, and is Vice President of Information with, the Investment Adviser. Mr D R Cottingham and Mr C C Morris are Directors of Global Fund Services Ltd., the Bermuda Administrator. Mr A Hopkin and Mr C C Morris are Directors of Continental Sponsors Ltd., the sponsoring broker on the Bermuda Stock Exchange.



7. Related Parties (continued)

Ms M O'Caoimh is employed by an associate of the Irish Administrator as Senior Vice President.

The Investment Adviser is also the sponsor, adviser and investment manager to a number of other investment companies and the Directors of the Company and the Investment Adviser may serve as Directors of such companies.

Persons connected to the Directors, as defined under the Irish Stock Exchange listing requirements, directly and indirectly own all of the Sponsor Shares of the Company. At 31 December 2015, Directors and persons so connected did not directly or indirectly hold Participating Shares in the Company (2014: Nil).

8. Financial Instruments and Risk Exposure

The Company invests all its assets, other than currency hedging, into the Master Fund which is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk arising from the financial instruments it holds. These risks are explained in the financial statements of the Master Fund which are attached. Financial instruments include investments, cash, interest receivable, dividends receivable, subscriptions receivable, bank overdrafts, accrued expenses, redemptions payable and Participating Shares presented as financial liabilities. The carrying value of these financial instruments in the financial statements approximates their fair value.

The Master Fund and the Feeder Funds operate as an integrated structure whereby the Feeder Funds invest solely into the Master Fund except in respect of currency hedging. Total subscriptions made by the Company into the Master Fund during the year were ¥233,104 (2014: ¥67,613) and total redemptions made by the Company out of the Master Fund during the year were ¥605,448 (2014: ¥55,731,798).

Investments in the Master Fund are recorded at the Net Asset Value per share as reported by the Administrator of the Master Fund at the measurement date. Where the Administrator is unable to provide Net Asset Value per share, the Directors make their own assessment of value based on available information. In determining fair value, the Directors take into consideration, where applicable, the impact of suspensions of redemptions, liquidation proceedings, investments in side pockets and any other significant factors.

At 31 December 2015, and 31 December 2014, there were no instances wherein the Administrator was unable to provide the Net Asset Value per share or that the Directors considered it necessary to make any adjustment to the Net Asset Value per share provided in order to arrive at fair value.

As at 31 December 2015, and 31 December 2014, the Company had no capital commitment obligations and no amounts were due from the Company for unsettled purchases. The Company invests into the Master Fund by purchasing the Master Fund's redeemable Participating Shares. The Master Fund allows redemption of these shares on a monthly basis with a 90 day notification period. Movements in the fair value of the Master Fund's portfolio and corresponding movements in the fair value of the Company expose the Company to a profit or loss.

The Company is exposed to currency risk in pursuit of its investment objective, set out in note 1 'General'. The currency risk is managed on a monthly basis using Forward Foreign Exchange Contracts.

At the Statement of Financial Position date there was a net exposure to currency risk:

As at 31 December 2015

Currency	Non-Monetary Assets ¥	Monetary Asset ¥	Forward Foreign Exchange Contracts ¥	Net Exposure ¥
US dollar	5,078,316	77,148	(5,143,754)	11,710



As at 31 December 2014

8. Financial Instruments and Risk Exposure (continued)

Currency	Non-Monetary Assets ¥	Monetary Liabilities ¥	Forward Foreign Exchange Contracts ¥	Net Exposure ¥
US dollar	5,110,292	(94,010)	(4,991,621)	24,661

9. Net Forward Foreign Exchange Contracts

As at 31 December 2015, the Company had entered into and not closed Forward Foreign Exchange Contracts to hedge the value of the Company's portfolio. The contracts were with the Custodian.

Currency Sold	Currency Bought	Currency Rate	Maturity Date	Unrealised gair ¥
US\$ 42,783	¥	0.0083	29 January 2016	2,584

Open Forward Foreign Currency Transactions at 31 December 2014

Currency Sold	Currency Bought	Currency Rate	Maturity Date	Unrealised loss ¥
US\$ 41,643	¥	0.0084	31 January 2015	(16,898)
			_	(16,898)

10. Fair Value Measurement

The fair value hierarchy prioritises the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The categorisation of assets and liabilities within the hierarchy is explained in note 11 of the Master Fund's notes to the financial statements.

The following table represents the financial instruments carried on the Statement of Financial Position at fair value by level within the valuation hierarchy, under IFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurement", as at 31 December 2015:

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss at 31 December 2015				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	¥	¥	¥	¥
Aurum Isis Fund Ltd.	-	5,078,316	-	5,078,316
Net unrealised appreciation on Forward Foreign Exchange Contracts	-	2,584	-	2,584
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss at 31				
December 2015	-	5,080,900	-	5,080,900



10. Fair Value Measurement (continued)

Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss at 31 December 2014				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	¥	¥	¥	¥
Aurum Isis Fund Ltd.	-	5,110,292	-	5,110,292
Net unrealised depreciation on Forward Foreign Exchange Contracts	-	(16,898)	-	(16,898)
Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss at	31			
December 2014	-	5,093,394	-	5,093,394

There were no transfers between Levels 1, 2 or 3 assets held in either year.

No investments have been classified within Level 3 at any time during the year, consequently no reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements is required.

For the year ended 31 December 2015, and 31 December 2014, all other assets and liabilities, other than investments at fair value, whose carrying amounts approximate fair value would have been considered to be classified within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy if such classification was required.

11. Taxation

The Company has received an undertaking from the Ministry of Finance of Bermuda, under the Exempted Undertakings Tax Protection Act, 1966 exempting the Company from Bermuda income, profit, capital transfer or capital taxes, should such taxes be enacted, until 31 March 2035.

12. Subsequent Events

No events have occurred in respect of the Company subsequent to 31 December 2015 which would require revision or disclosure in these financial statements.

